Early exercise boundary regularity close to expiry in indifference setting

Teitur Arnarson KTH, Stockholm

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American options

History and background

The blow-up echnique

American option

A contract on one or several underlying assets that can be exercised during some predetermined period [t, T].

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American option

A contract on one or several underlying assets that can be exercised during some predetermined period [t, T].

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• Payoff $g : \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}$ at exercise $\tau \in [t, T]$.

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Example: American put option

Gives you the right, but not the obligation, to sell the underlying stock X_s for a predetermined price K any time $s \in [t, T]$.

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Example: American put option

Gives you the right, but not the obligation, to sell the underlying stock X_s for a predetermined price K any time $s \in [t, T]$.

At exercise τ the payoff is $g(X_{\tau}) = \max(K - X_{\tau}, 0)$.



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Complete markets

The market consists of

non-risky asset

$$dB_s = \rho B_s ds$$
$$B_t = B.$$

traded asset

$$dX_s = \mu X_s ds + \sigma X_s dW_s$$
$$X_t = x$$

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 W_s is Brownian motion.

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Option price

The price h of an American option with payoff g is given by Theorem (Risk-neutral valuation formula)

$$h(x,t) = \sup_{\tau \in [t,T]} e^{-\rho(\tau-t)} E(g(X_{\tau})|X_t = x).$$

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Variational inequality

h solves the following linear variational inequality

$$\min\left(-h_t - \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2 x^2 h_{xx} - \rho x h_x + \rho h,$$

$$h(x,t) - g(x)\right) = 0 \quad \text{in } \mathbb{R} \times [0,T)$$

$$h(x,T) = g(x) \quad \text{in } [0,T)$$

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A free boundary Γ separates the sets

$$\mathscr{C} = \{-h_t - \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2 x^2 h_{xx} - \rho x h_x + \rho h = 0\}$$

$$\mathscr{E} = \{h - g = 0\}.$$

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Independent results for the American put.

- Kuske & Keller (1998)
- Bunch & Johnsson (2000)
- Stamicar, Sevcovic & Chadam (1999)

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Chen, Chadam: Reformulation

In dimensionless variables the price function $\tilde{h}(x, t)$ solves

$$egin{array}{lll} ilde{h}_t - ilde{h}_{xx} - (k-1) ilde{h}_x + k ilde{h} &= 0 & ext{for } x > ilde{eta}(t) \ ilde{h} &= 1 - e^x & ext{for } x < ilde{eta}(t) \ ilde{h}(0,x) &= (1 - e^x)^+, \end{array}$$

where $x = \tilde{\beta}(t)$ is a parameterization of the free boundary Γ .

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Fundamental solution

Find the fundamental solution for the PDE

$$\Phi(x,t) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi t}} \exp\left\{-\frac{(x+(k-1)t)^2}{4t}\right\}$$

and get the following integral representation

$$\begin{split} \tilde{h}(x,t) &= \int_{-\infty}^{0} (1-e^{y}) \Phi(x-y,t) dy \\ &+ k \int_{0}^{t} \int_{-\infty}^{\tilde{\beta}(t-\theta)} \Phi(x-y,\theta) dy d\theta. \end{split}$$

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ODE for the free boundary

Derive an ODE for the free boundary

$$\dot{ ilde{eta}} = -rac{2\Phi_x(ilde{eta}(t),t)}{k} - 2\int_0^t \Phi_x(ilde{eta}(t) - ilde{eta}(t- heta), heta)\dot{ ilde{eta}}(t- heta)d heta.$$

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Asymptotic expansion

$$\frac{\hat{\beta}^2}{4t} = -\xi - \frac{1}{2\xi} + \frac{1}{8\xi^2} + \frac{17}{24\xi^3} + \dots$$

where $\xi = \sqrt{4\pi k^2 t}$.

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Summary of the expansion method

Advantage

Good precision

Drawback

One-dimensional, linear setting.

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A general obstacle problem

Obstacle problem with a non-linear, n + 1-dimensional, parabolic operator

$$\min(D_t u - F(D^2 u, Du, u, x, t), u - g) = 0 \quad \text{in } B_1 \times (0, 1)$$
$$u(x, 0) = g(x) \quad \text{in } B_1$$

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where B_1 is the unit ball in \mathbb{R}^n .

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Scaling in the point (0,0)

For simplicity assume: u(0,0) = g(0) = 0.

Scaled function

$$u_r(x,t) = \frac{u(rx,r^2t)}{\alpha_r}$$

Scaled operator

$$F_{\mathbf{r}}(D^2u, Du, u, x, t) = F(D^2u, \mathbf{r}Du, \mathbf{r}^2u, \mathbf{r}x, \mathbf{r}^2t).$$

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Choose α_r so that $0 < \lim_{r \to 0} u_r < \infty$.

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Scaled obstacle problem

Under standard assumptions on F the scaled function u_r solves

$$\begin{aligned} \min(D_t u_r - F_r(D^2 u_r, Du_r, u_r, x, t), \\ u_r - g_r) &= 0 \quad \text{in } B_{1/r} \times (0, \frac{1}{r^2}) \\ u_r(x, 0) &= g_r(x) \quad \text{in } B_{1/r}. \end{aligned}$$

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Take the so called *blow-up limit* by letting $r \rightarrow 0$.

If we have the right growth and continuity of u the limit function $u_0 = \lim_{r \to 0} u_r$ will solve

$$\min(D_t u_0 - F(D^2 u_0, 0, 0, 0, 0), u_0 - g_0) = 0 \quad \text{in } \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}^+$$
$$u_0(x, 0) = g_0(x) \quad \text{in } \mathbb{R}.$$

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Assume we have a free boundary.



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Assume that the free boundary stays above $t = cx^2$.



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Pick a sequence $X_1, X_2 \ldots \in \{t = cx^2\}$, where $X_j = (x_j, t_j)$.



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Set $r_j = |X_j| \dots$



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...and scale the problem by r_j . $\tilde{X}_j = (x_j/r_j, t_j/r_j^2)$.



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Take the limit as $j \to \infty$. Note $|\tilde{X}_{\infty}| = 1$.



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The blow-up limit problem

- For the limit problem no lower order terms occur in the PDE.
- The limit obstacle g₀ is possibly simpler than the original g.

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The blow-up limit problem

- For the limit problem no lower order terms occur in the PDE.
- The limit obstacle g₀ is possibly simpler than the original g.

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Different scenarios that might occur for the limit problem:

- The obstacle is a *strict* subsolution to the differential operator.
- We can find an analytic solution.

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The obstacle is a strict subsolution

 g_0 is a strict subsolution if

 $-F(D^2g_0, 0, 0, 0, 0) < 0$ in $B_1 \times (0, 1)$.

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The obstacle is a strict subsolution

 g_0 is a strict subsolution if

 $-F(D^2g_0, 0, 0, 0, 0) < 0$ in $B_1 \times (0, 1)$.

 $D_t u_0 - F(u_0, 0, 0, 0, 0) \ge 0$ in $B_1 \times (0, 1)$ and the maximum principle

$$\downarrow \\ u_0 > g_0 \text{ in } B_1 \times (0,1).$$

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 $D_t u_0 - F(u_0, 0, 0, 0, 0) \ge 0$ in $B_1 \times (0, 1)$ and the maximum principle

$$\downarrow u_0 > g_0 \text{ in } B_1 \times (0,1).$$

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No free boundary exists for the limit problem, i.e.

$$\Gamma \in \{t < x^2 \cdot \sigma(x)\}$$

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for some modulus of continuity $\sigma(x)$.

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Incomplete markets: Market components

The market consists of

non-risky asset (zero interest rate for simplicity)

$$B_s = B$$
.

traded asset

$$dX_s = \mu X_s ds + \sigma X_s dW_s$$
$$X_t = x$$

non-traded asset

$$dY_s = b(Y_s, s)ds + a(Y_s, s)dW'_s$$

$$Y_t = y$$

 W_s and W'_s are correlated with correlation $\rho \in (-1, 1)$.

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Define the *indifference price* h of a call option written on the non-traded asset Y_s .

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Investment alternatives

Alternative 1: Invest in stock X_s and bond B_s

 Allocation in traded stock X_s: π_s Allocation in bond: π⁰_s

• Wealth:
$$Z_s = \pi_s^0 + \pi_s$$
.

$$dZ_s = \pi_s \mu ds + \pi_s \sigma dW_s$$
$$Z_t = z.$$

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Investment alternatives

Alternative 1: Invest in stock X_s and bond B_s

 Allocation in traded stock X_s: π_s Allocation in bond: π⁰_s

• Wealth:
$$Z_s = \pi_s^0 + \pi_s$$

$$dZ_s = \pi_s \mu ds + \pi_s \sigma dW_s$$
$$Z_t = z.$$

Alternative 2: Invest in stock X_s , bond B_s and buy a call option on non-traded asset Y_s at time t for price h

• American call payoff: $g(y) = (y - K)^+$.

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Indifference pricing

► Alternative 1 (Stock and bond only)

Initial wealth:zTerminal wealth: Z_T Value function:

$$V_1(z,t) = \sup_{\pi} E(U(Z_T)|Z_t = z).$$

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where $U(z) = -e^{-\gamma z}$.

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Indifference pricing

► Alternative 1 (Stock and bond only)

Initial wealth: zTerminal wealth: Z_T Value function:

$$V_1(z,t) = \sup_{\pi} E(U(Z_T)|Z_t = z).$$

where $U(z) = -e^{-\gamma z}$.

► Alternative 2 (Stock, bond and call option) Initial wealth: z - hWealth at exercise time τ : $Z_{\tau} + g(Y_{\tau})$ Value function:

$$V_2(z, y, t) = \sup_{\pi, \tau} E(V_1(Z_{\tau} + g(Y_{\tau}), \tau) | Z_{\tau} = z, Y_{\tau} = y)$$

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Indifference pricing

► Alternative 1 (Stock and bond only)

Initial wealth: zTerminal wealth: Z_T Value function:

$$V_1(z,t) = \sup_{\pi} E(U(Z_T)|Z_t = z).$$

where $U(z) = -e^{-\gamma z}$.

► Alternative 2 (Stock, bond and call option) Initial wealth: z - h Wealth at exercise time τ: Z_τ + g(Y_τ) Value function:

$$V_2(z, y, t) = \sup_{\pi, \tau} E(V_1(Z_{\tau} + g(Y_{\tau}), \tau) | Z_{\tau} = z, Y_{\tau} = y)$$

Definition: The indifference price h satisfies

$$V_1(z,t)=V_2(z-h,y,t)$$

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Variational inequality

$$\min(\mathcal{H}h, h-g) = 0 \quad \text{in } \mathbb{R} \times [0, T)$$

$$h(y, T) = g(y) \quad \text{in } \mathbb{R}$$

where

$$\mathcal{H}u = D_t u - \frac{1}{2}a^2(y,t)D_y^2 u - (b(y,t) - \rho\frac{\mu}{\sigma}a(y,t))D_y u \\ + \frac{1}{2}\gamma(1-\rho^2)a^2(y,t)(D_y u)^2.$$

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Free boundary at expiry

- Parameterization of free boundary: $\Gamma = (\beta(t), t)$
- Location at expiry: $\beta_0 = \lim_{t \to 0} \beta(t)$

•
$$A(y,t) = -\mathcal{H}g \stackrel{\text{call}}{=} b - \rho \frac{\mu}{\sigma} a - \frac{1}{2}\gamma(1-\rho^2)a^2$$

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Free boundary at expiry

Parameterization of free boundary: Γ = (β(t), t)
 Location at expiry: β₀ = lim_{t→0} β(t)

•
$$A(y,t) = -\mathcal{H}g \stackrel{\text{call}}{=} b - \rho_{\sigma}^{\mu}a - \frac{1}{2}\gamma(1-\rho^2)a^2$$

Lemma 1 If $A(y_0, 0) = 0$ and $\bigwedge^{t} A(y_0 + \delta, 0)A(y_0 - \delta, 0) < 0$ for all small δ then either no free boundary exists or

$$\beta_0 = y_0$$



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Free boundary at expiry

Parameterization of free boundary: Γ = (β(t), t)
Location at expiry: β₀ = lim_{t→0} β(t)
A(y, t) = -Hg ^{call} = b - ρ^μ/_σa - ½γ(1 - ρ²)a²

Lemma 1 If $A(y_0, 0) = 0$ and $\bigwedge^{t} A(y_0 + \delta, 0)A(y_0 - \delta, 0) < 0$ for all small δ then either no free boundary exists or

$$\beta_0 = y_0.$$

Lemma 2 If $A(y,0) < -\varepsilon$ for some $\varepsilon > 0$ and all $y \in \{g > 0\}$ then

$$\beta_0 = K$$



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Free boundary regularity: $\beta_0 \neq K$

Theorem 1 There exists ξ_0 and r > 0 such that for $\xi_1 < \xi_0^{-2} < \xi_2$ and t < r

$$(\beta(t),t) \in \{(y,t): \xi_1(y-\beta_0)^2 \le t \le \xi_2(y-\beta_0)^2\}.$$

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Free boundary regularity: $\beta_0 \neq K$

Theorem 1 There exists ξ_0 and r > 0 such that for $\xi_1 < \xi_0^{-2} < \xi_2$ and t < r

$$(\beta(t),t) \in \{(y,t): \xi_1(y-\beta_0)^2 \le t \le \xi_2(y-\beta_0)^2\}.$$

 ξ_0 solve $u(\xi_0) - \xi_0 u'(\xi_0) = 0$ where

$$u(\xi) = \xi(6a^2(\beta_0, 0) + \xi^2) \int_{-\infty}^{\xi} \frac{\exp\left(\frac{-x^2}{4a^2(\beta_0, 0)}\right)}{(6a^2(\beta_0, 0) + x^2)^2 x^2} dx.$$

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 $\star\,$ Rewrite equation

$$\hat{\mathcal{H}}u=\mathcal{A}(y,t)\chi_{\{u>0\}}$$
 where $\hat{\mathcal{H}}=\mathcal{H}+\gamma(1-
ho^2)a^2g_yD_y.$

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 \star Rewrite equation

$$\hat{\mathcal{H}}u = A(y, t)\chi_{\{u>0\}}$$
where $\hat{\mathcal{H}} = \mathcal{H} + \gamma(1 - \rho^2)a^2g_yD_y$.
* Scale by r^3

$$u(ry + \beta_0, r^2)$$

$$u_r(y,t) = \frac{u(ry+\beta_0,r^2t)}{r^3}$$

and take the limit $r \rightarrow 0$

$$D_t u_0 - \frac{1}{2} a_0^2 D_y^2 u_0 = A_0 y \chi_{\{u_0 > 0\}}.$$

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★ Rewrite equation

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{\mathcal{H}} u &= \mathsf{A}(y,t)\chi_{\{u>0\}} \\ \text{where } \hat{\mathcal{H}} &= \mathcal{H} + \gamma(1-\rho^2)\mathsf{a}^2\mathsf{g}_y\mathsf{D}_y. \\ \star \text{ Scale by } r^3 \\ u(ry + \beta_0, r^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$u_r(y,t)=\frac{u(ry+\beta_0,r^2t)}{r^3}$$

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and take the limit $r \rightarrow 0$

$$D_t u_0 - \frac{1}{2} a_0^2 D_y^2 u_0 = A_0 y \chi_{\{u_0 > 0\}}.$$

* Self-similar solution in the variable $\xi = -y/\sqrt{t}$. $\tilde{u}(\xi) = u(y, t)$.

$$-\tilde{u}'' - \frac{1}{2a_0^2}\xi \tilde{u}' + \frac{3}{2a_0^2} = -A_0\xi \quad \text{ in } \{\tilde{u} > 0\}$$

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Free boundary regularity: $\beta_0 = K$

Theorem 2 There exists a modulus of continuity $\sigma(r)$ such that

$$(\beta(t),t)\in\{(y,t):t<(y-K)^2\sigma(y-K)\}.$$

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 \star Scale by r $h_r(y,t) = \frac{h(ry+K,r^2t)}{r}$

and take limit $r \rightarrow 0$

$$\min(D_t h_0 - \frac{1}{2}a_0^2 D_y^2 h_0, h_0 - g_0) = 0$$

$$h_0(y, 0) = g_0(y)$$

Early exercise boundary regularity close to expiry in indifference setting

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The blow-up technique

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* $g_0 = y^+$ is a strict subsolution to the limit PDE.

∜

The limit problem does not have a free boundary.

$$\Downarrow$$

 $(eta(t),t)\in\{t<(y-{\cal K})^2\sigma(y-{\cal K})\}.$

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Application to indifference pricing

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